CLINICAL AND **PROGRAMMATIC** IMPLICATIONS OF VALUE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

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The source of funding for this grant award is District appropriated funds earned based on the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021. The obligated amount funded by Grantor shall not exceed \$999,000 in the first year per year, and one option year of up to \$500,000 unless changes in the obligated amount are executed in accordance with ARTICLE XV of this agreement.





AGENDA

- Collaborating and eventually partnering with payers
- II. Modifying existing and develop new models of care (MOC)
- III. Setting related metrics and performance targets
- IV. Developing analytics and reporting to monitor those metrics
- V. Negotiating payment models that make the MOCs financially sustainable
- VI. Training staff in the models of care and measures of success
- VII. Collaborating with external providers (hospitals, primary care practices, specialists, community-based organizations) as needed to implement the MOCs

Learning Objectives

- 1. Describe clinical components required to achieve valuable outcomes
- 2. Identify how the integration of services drives outcomes



PURSUING SUCCESS IN VALUE-BASED PAYMENT (VBP) ARRANGEMENTS

➤ Goal: VBP aims to improve the quality of care while also reducing low-value healthcare utilization and costs; this should enhance member experience of care and loyalty as the provider of choice.



PURSUING SUCCESS IN VALUE-BASED PAYMENT (VBP) ARRANGEMENTS

Clinical and programmatic implications of VBP include improvements in:

- 1. Collaborating and eventually partnering with payers
- Modifying existing and develop new models of care (MOC)
- 3. Setting related metrics and performance targets
- 4. Developing analytics and reporting to monitor those metrics
- 5. Negotiating payment models that make the MOCs financially sustainable
- 6. Training staff in the models of care and measures of success
- 7. Collaborating with external providers (hospitals, primary care practices, specialists, community-based organizations) as needed to implement the MOCs

(1)

Collaborate and eventually partner with payers

COLLABORATING AND EVENTUALLY PARTNERING WITH PAYERS



Arrange to meet with the payer.



Present a strong value proposition outlining your organization's capabilities, track record, and strategies for achieving improved outcomes and cost savings.



Provide data and case studies to support this proposition.



COLLABORATING AND EVENTUALLY PARTNERING WITH PAYERS



Strive to understand each other's business models and what determines financial sustainability and success.



Jointly review performance data on shared membership and additional health plan membership that you could serve to identify opportunities to improve member outcomes.



Pursue further analytics that could provide additional insight and inform development of modified or new MOC.



COLLABORATING AND EVENTUALLY PARTNERING WITH PAYERS



Prioritize the improvement areas and agree on the population(s) of focus.



Ask the payer to monetize the potential value to them.



Agree to meet with them again after you develop the MOC and estimate the incremental expense to implement it.

(2)

Modify existing and develop new models of care (MOC)

Develop a multidisciplinary implementation team to guide all decision making



Finance

- RiskManagement
- IncentiveStructures



Clinical

- Evidence Based Practices (EBPs)
- Measurement based care
- CareManagement



uality

- Benchmarks
- Performance metrics
- PDSA Cycles
- Assess
 intervention
 effectiveness and
 related costs
- Identify disparities in quality/equity



- Policies & Procedures
- Workflows
- Partnership Agreements
- Regulatory Compliance





- Technology Investment
- InformationManagement
- Data Sharing
- DataReporting



HR

- Recruiting
- Refiguring
- Onboarding
- PerformanceManagement
- Training

MARY



Photo by Alev Takil on Unsplash

- 50 y/o, unmarried woman, with three adult children who live in other states.
- Diagnosed with Major Depression and cardiovascular disease after many years of tobacco use.
- » Lives alone and has limited social support.
- Currently on disability from work as an office assistant.
- Struggling to pay rent and finds she must cut back on purchasing food to afford medication. She skips doses to make the medication last longer.
- Preparing to discharge from third hospitalization this year, two for depression one for pneumonia.

Medicaid Business

Transformation DC

In outpatient therapy, but her attendance is inconsistent.

VBP ARRANGEMENT



XYZ Hospital has entered a shared savings/risk contract with the payer.



Under this agreement, XYZ agrees to share the financial savings achieved by reducing avoidable hospitalizations with the payer.



XYZ's data analytics has identified Mary as high risk for a preventable admission based on diagnosis, SDoH and history of hospitalizations this year.

XYZ'S MODEL OF CARE



Implemented Project Re-Engineered Discharge (Project RED) Proven to reduce rehospitalizations. In hospitals across the country, the RED has resulted in 30 percent fewer hospital readmissions and emergency room visits



Entered into care compacts with community behavioral health center and community SDOH providers



Share savings with these providers

IMPLEMENTING MODEL OF CARE

XYZ Hospital Activities

Coordinates discharge activities through an advocate who coordinates with Mary and her care team

Facilitates team activities and discharge planning rounds with primary medical provider, Community Behavioral Health and SDOH provider

Ensures care plan is completed and person understands the instructions in the plan

Community Behavioral Health Activities

Care coordinator visits Mary before discharge to reengage in care and identify barriers to attending

Arranges an appointment for day of discharge

At appointment, introduces SDOH provider either virtually or in person (warm handoff)

Wellness nurse visits the home to do med reconciliation and education. Reinforces appointment with PCP

Peer specialist invites the patient for coffee and develops a recovery plan

- >> Evaluate cost of the model:
 - "How much is it going to cost us to implement this model of care?"
 - "Given the projected value per earlier discussions with the payer, is this financially sustainable?"



3)

Set related metrics and performance targets

- Identify the specific metrics that are critical to monitor the success of your value-based care initiatives. These could include:
 - >> Task completion to determine fidelity to the model of care
 - » Quality of care
 - » Patient experience of care
 - » Health service utilization (readmission rates, etc.)
 - » Cost savings
- Clearly define the objectives for each metric, setting realistic and measurable targets.

- Consider aligning with AmeriHealth Caritas 8/2023 Value Based Strategy and that of other Medicaid managed care plans if available.
 - Incentive compensation is paid to BH provider groups that improve their performance in the defined components:
 - »HEDIS quality measures
 - »Hospital utilization: Potentially preventable initial admissions and all-cause readmissions within 30 days
 - Social determinants of health (SDOH)
 - »Pulse survey

Use Standardized Measures from Existing Sources:

- P4P reported by health plans
- >> HEDIS reported to DC/health plan
- > UDS reported to HRSA
- Core Set reported to CMS
- SCRPA reported to SAMHSA
- » NOMS reported to SAMHSA
- » CRISP data/metrics

Table 3. Comprehensive Diabetes Care PIP Key Elements

2022 PIP (MY 2021)	Comprehensive Diabetes Care			
Program	DCHFP			
MCPs	ACDC, CFDC, MFC			
Performance	Comprehensive Diabetes Care-			
Measures	 Blood Pressure Control (<140/90 mm Hg) 			
	Eye Exam (Retinal) Performed			
	Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Control (<8%)			
	4. HbA1c Poor Control (>9%)			
	5. HbA1c Testing			
Measure Steward	NCQA			
Population	Enrollees 18-75 years of age with type 1 and type 2 diabetes			
Aim Will implementation of targeted educational and outreach interventions				
	performance in process and outcome measures for enrollees with diabetes du			
	the measurement year?			
Phase	Remeasurement 4			

Example measures

Туре	Metric	Description	Alignment
Outcome	Depression remission at 12 months	Percentage of patients 12+ years of age with major depression or dysthymia who reached remission 12 months (+/- 60 days) after an initial event.	UDS
Outcome	Antidepressant medication management (AMM)acute and continuation	Percentage of enrollees 18+ years of age who were treated with antidepressant medication, had a diagnosis of major depression, and remained on an antidepressant medication treatment for at least 84 days/12 weeks (acute) and at least 180 days/6 months (continuation)	AmeriHealth P4P; HEDIS; Core Set
Outcome	Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) ED Visits	Percentage of avoidable, low-acuity non-emergent, emergency department visits.	DHCF VBP
Process	Screening for trauma-related experiences	The intent of this question is to reinforce the importance of screening clients for experiences of violence or trauma that may impact their recovery journey.	NOMS
Structure	Number and percentage of work group/advisory group/council members who are consumers/family members	Assesses the number and percentage of work group/advisory group/council members who are consumers/family members to assess consumer involvement in the planning of mental health services	GPRA



Develop analytics and reporting to monitor those metrics

DEVELOP ANALYTICS AND REPORTING

- Sather data from various sources.
- > Utilize a secure and scalable data storage solution.
- Implement data governance practices to maintain data quality, security, and compliance.

Use Existing Data Sources/Collection Methods:



DEVELOP ANALYTICS AND REPORTING



Create

Create dashboards that provide a snapshot of key metrics, displaying performance as trended and versus benchmarks and targets.



Implement

Implement automated processes to extract data and load it into your analytics tools.



Determine

Determine how often you will generate reports that are tailored to the needs of different stakeholders.

 $\left(5\right)$

Negotiate payment models that make the MOCs financially sustainable

NEGOTIATE PAYMENT MODELS

Decide which payment models align best with the care model goals and capabilities, such as

Pay-forperformance Bundled payments

Shared savings

Capitation



Develop a negotiation strategy that considers both short-term and long-term financial sustainability.

NEGOTIATING PAYMENT MODELS



Present the model of care to the payer.

Do they think this is a good plan for addressing their pain points?



Demonstrate how the proposed payment model will benefit both parties in terms of improved patient outcomes and cost containment.



Present associated costs, potential savings

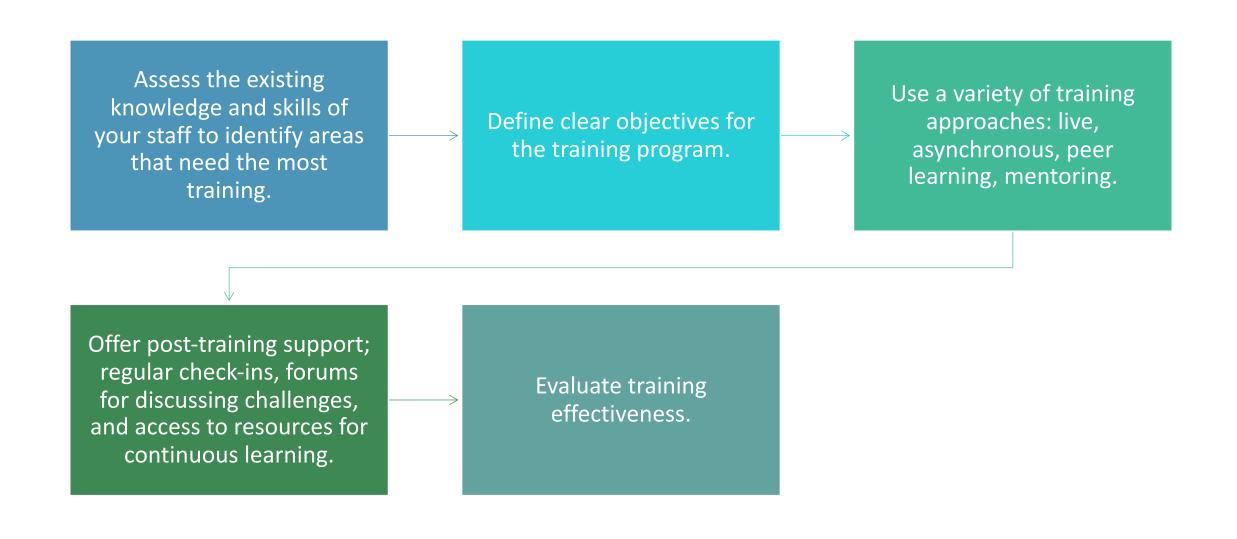
Is there an ROI for the payer?

Is the model too expensive?

 $\left(6\right)$

Train staff in the models of care and measures of success

TRAIN STAFF IN THE MODELS OF CARE



(7)

Collaborate with external providers

COLLABORATE WITH EXTERNAL PROVIDERS

Your mutual success and outcomes will rest on the effectiveness of the partnerships you develop and implement together. What services does your agency provide that may fill needed gaps in services for the system of care?

Identify reliable and effective partners

Develop a formal process for measuring and reporting your outcomes

Develop a formal communication plan

SUMMARY

- Clinical and Programmatic Implications of Value-based payment arrangements
- Successful clinical and financially sustainable models in valuebased care require a comprehensive approach that includes:
 - » Payer-provider collaboration
 - » Multidisciplinary decision-making
 - A model of care targeted to outcomes
 - Staff prepared to deliver evidence-based, and data driven care
 - A quality strategy to monitor success and challenges
 - » Provider community partnerships
 - Commitment to delivering high-quality care while managing costs



WRAP-UP/NEXT STEPS

BRIEF EVALUATION

- 1. Overall rating:
 - 1. Poor

2. Fair

- 3. Average
- 4. Good

5. Excellent



- 2. Content Level:
 - 1. Too Easy
- 2. Just Right
- 3. Too Advanced
- 3. Which TA modalities are you interested in for additional TA? (Select all that apply)

 - 1. Webinars 2. Individual Coaching 3. Group Coaching
- 4. Which domains are you interested in receiving additional TA in? (Select all that apply)
 - 1. Financial
- 2. Clinical

3. Legal

4. Business



UPCOMING SESSIONS & MORE INFORMATION

Upcoming Cohort Sessions:

- Role of a Clinically Integrated Network –
 Wednesday, Sept. 13 (12-1 PM ET)
- Managing High-Cost High Need Individuals— Thursday, Sept. 14 (12-1 PM ET)

Visit the Medicaid Business

Transformation DC web page for more information and upcoming events:

<u>www.integratedcaredc.com/medicaid-</u> business-transformation-dc/

Don't miss this chance to elevate your practice and make a lasting difference in the lives of your patients. **Subscribe to our newsletter today** and embark on a journey towards delivering exceptional care through Integrated Care DC. https://www.integratedcaredc.com/newsletter/



September 21st

VBP Virtual Learning Collaborative



SAVE THE DATE!

September 21

1st session workshops: 9:00 – 11:00 a.m. ET 2nd session workshops: 1:00 – 3:00 p.m. ET

Value-Based Payment Virtual Learning Collaborative

Transitioning to payment models that support value-based care means doing business differently. Many District healthcare providers are requesting assistance preparing for and implementing this important change.

Join us for a virtual learning collaborative focused on legal agreements, contracting and financial topics, including revenue cycle management and assessing risk. Presenters will share scenarios, assessments and tools to advance capacity and understanding.

- Intended audience: CEOs, COOs, CFOs, clinical directors, billing, coding and reimbursement staff.
- > Offering CMEs and CEs for participating providers.

Two sessions will be offered in the morning and afternoon focused on finance and legal/contracting topics.

The session materials and recordings will be posted on the Medicaid Business Transformation webpage:

www.integratedcaredc.com/medicaid-business-transformation-dc/

Medicaid Business Transformation DC is a Department of Health Care Finance technical assistance initiative for District health care providers who serve Medicaid members.

> Registration links will be shared soon and can also be found at: Medicaid Business Transformation DC I Integrated Care DC

Contact us!

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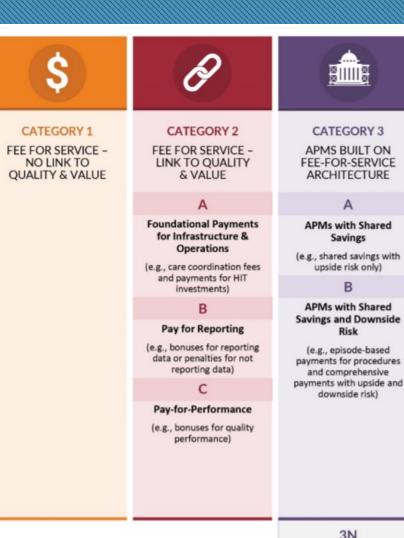
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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MCO VBP CONTRACTS

- Base Year One: 30% of total medical expenditures through VBP arrangements through models in LAN categories 2-4.
- Base Year Two: 40% of total medical expenditures through VBP arrangements through models in LAN categories 2-4.
- Base Year Three: 50% of total medical expenditures through VBP arrangements. At least half through models in LAN categories 3-4.
- Base Year Four: 60% of total medical expenditures through VBP arrangements. At least half of qualifying total medical expenditures must be through models in LAN categories 3-4
- Base Year Five: 70% of total medical expenditures through VBP arrangements. At least half of qualifying total medical expenditures must be through models in LAN categories 3-4



Health Care Learning and Action (LAN) Framework: 2017

Update to the Health Care Payment Learning and Action

Network Framework.



CATEGORY 4 POPULATION BASED PAYMENT

Condition-Specific Population-Based Payment

(e.g., per member per month payments, payments for specialty services, such as oncology or mental health)

R

Comprehensive Population-Based Payment

(e.g., global budgets or full/percent of premium payments)

C

Integrated Finance & Delivery System

(e.g., global budgets or full/percent of premium payments in integrated systems)

3N 4N
Risk Based Payments
NOT Linked to Quality
NOT Linked to Quality